

C. 4498(1)

23 MAY 1961



BOROUGH OF OLDBURY

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

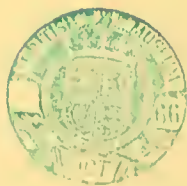
Borough School Medical Officer

TO THE

Oldbury Committee for Education

FOR THE YEAR 1960

Borough School Medical Officer:
HENRY TABBUSH, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.





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BOROUGH OF OLDBURY

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MR. W. PEARCE.

STAFF:

School Medical Officer:

HENRY TABBUSH, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Deputy School Medical Officer:

G. R. THORPE, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
(Resigned 25.9.60).

Ophthalmic Surgeon:

GUY F. G. SIGGINS, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.O.M.S.

Dental Surgeons:

JAMES RODGERS, D.F.M., L.D.S., R.F.P.S. (G.)
(Resigned 14.5.60).
ALMA M. FACER, L.D.S. (Part-time).

Senior School Nurse:

MISS M. R. CLARKE.

School Nurses:

MISS H. STANSFIELD.	MISS G. N. DAWSON.
MISS B. LAMB.	MRS. J. BUTLER
MISS M. LEE.	MRS. J. G. MORETON
(Resigned 7.1.60).	(Commenced 1.2.60).

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S. ASTLEY.

Senior Clerk:

T. K. BOSTON.

Clerks:

MISS S. PARTINGTON.	MRS. I. HINTON.
MRS. E. WHITE.	MISS J. A. SMITH.
MISS M. E. HOLMES	

Dental Attendants:

MISS A. E. SMITH.	MISS S. R. CROMBIE.
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BOROUGH OF OLDBURY

To the Chairman and Members of the Oldbury Committee for Education.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my report on the School Health Service for the year 1960.

Medical Inspections.

During the year 2,514 children were examined at periodic medical inspections and only three were deemed by the School Medical Officer to be in unsatisfactory physical condition. These findings are reminiscent of the election results in a totalitarian state and should be accepted with due scepticism. They are the result of the method of classification required by the Ministry of Education since 1956—the physical condition of children is classed as satisfactory or unsatisfactory and the latter category has been interpreted as applying to those children who would previously have been included in category C, of poor general condition. There were advantages in the old classification when healthy, well-developed children were put in category A, and category B was reserved for those who, while not in poor general condition, could not be classed as healthy in all respects. Although interpretation has varied with different Medical Officers, the old classification was more useful as any increase in the “A” group provided a rough guide to the value of services being provided. No one seeing any group of school children in Oldbury would say that 99.88 per cent. were in satisfactory physical condition. Nevertheless, it can be said generally, that the health of the school children has never been better. It is also very rare nowadays to find an under-nourished child in school. Indeed it is a little disconcerting to note the increasing frequency with which one finds grossly overweight children. Their obesity is almost always due to over-

eating. Despite repeated advice and encouragement, their attempts at dieting are often half-hearted and soon given up, and are not encouraged by over-indulgent parents. It is no kindness to children to allow them to get fat. The heart and circulation are put under an added strain and the child tires easily and becomes lazy. This inactivity leads to further accumulation of fat.

Vision Testing.

In addition to the vision testing carried out at periodic medical inspections, every child's vision is now tested by the School Nurses at special sessions, so that it is exceptional for a child to have been more than two years without a test.

At these special sessions 1,969 children had their sight tested and of these 54 were referred to the Ophthalmic Clinic for treatment and 71 were put under observation. By these means early detection of visual defects is facilitated and early treatment can be obtained to correct the defect and prevent further deterioration.

Enuresis.

Treatment of bed-wetting by use of an alarm-bell was carried out during the year. Eleven children completed their treatment and of these 4 were completely cured, 4 improved and treatment failed in the other 3 cases. Failure is often attributable to continued parental mismanagement which had given rise to the bed-wetting in the first place. With the purchase of further sets of apparatus it should be possible to make inroads on the growing waiting list for this type of treatment. Bed-wetting is usually a symptom of feelings of insecurity in the child and is often precipitated by a temporary separation from the mother before the child is old enough to appreciate the reasons for it. This may occur when either the child or mother is admitted to hospital. It may also occur with the arrival of a new baby or when there is disharmony in the home or the children are frequently alone at home. All children need the constant love of their parents, particularly their mother, especially in their early years and whenever circumstances arise which make separation inevitable, mothers should take particular care to give extra reassurance to the child so that it does not feel unloved and abandoned.

Cleanliness.

Although less than 2 per cent. of the children inspected were found to have nits or head lice, the presence of this small number in the schools is a potential source of infestation to other children, and it is only by constant vigilance and exclusion where necessary

that the infestation is prevented from spreading. Most of the small minority of offending families are well-known to the School Nurses who make special efforts to teach the mothers, by means of demonstrations, how to keep their children's hair clean. Unfortunately in most of these families this is only one of many problems with which they appear to be unable to cope.

Backward Children.

Out of a total of 91 educationally subnormal children, 63 were in special schools at the end of the year. It will be difficult to find places for the remaining 28 as admissions to Halesbury Special School are now very limited. So long as this shortage of places continues, every effort should be made to organise special classes in ordinary schools with teachers who have received special training in the education of backward children. It is inevitable that those children who are falling behind because of either a physical defect or below-average intelligence are unable to receive the amount of individual attention they require, owing to the size of the classes in the primary schools. The Ministry of Education estimates that 10 per cent. of the total school population is educationally subnormal and that of these children, 1.5 per cent. will be educated in special schools.

Applying these estimates to Oldbury we would require 120 places in special schools and provision should be made for the special education of 680 children in ordinary schools. Failure to deal with this problem in the early years can lead to educational and psychological difficulties in later years which manifest themselves as illiteracy, school-phobia, bed-wetting or juvenile delinquency.

School Dental Service.

With the loss of the services of Mr. Rodgers in May, following his appointment as Principal Dental Officer to Oxfordshire, the school dental service suffered a severe set-back. Even though the service has been carried on with the help of dentists working on a sessional basis, the figures of inspections and treatment during the year show a marked reduction. Fortunately, at the close of the year a new Divisional Dental Officer had been appointed to take up his duties in February 1961, but the interruption in the dental service to the children during the intervening months will render his task more difficult.

The need for a fully staffed dental service would not be so urgent if anything were being done to prevent the incidence of dental decay but although the evidence of the protective influence

of a minute amount of fluoride in the water supply is incontrovertible, the cautious attitude of the Ministry of Health makes it unlikely that the children's teeth will be given this protection for some years. It has also been established that decay is accelerated by the consumption of sweets, chocolate biscuits and iced-lollies, particularly when these are taken between meals. It is difficult enough to persuade children to limit these pleasures but when they are actively encouraged by unscrupulous commercial advertising on television and find tuck-shops readily available at school, the attractions are too great to resist. The schools could help by encouraging children to eat apples and raw carrots during break.

Staff.

Once again I would like to express my appreciation of the helpful co-operation and support I have received from the Chairman and Members, from the Education Officer and his Staff, and from the Teachers. To the Staff of the School Health Service — Medical, Dental, Nursing and Clerical — I would like to express my sincere gratitude.

I am,

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,

H. TABBUSH,
Borough School Medical Officer.

Greenwood, Avenue, Langley,
Oldbury.

February, 1961.

Broadwell 2041.

SCHOOLS IN OLDBURY.

SCHOOL	Average No. on Roll 1960	No. on Roll at 31-12-60	Accom- modation in each Dept.
Oldbury Grammar	574	579	530
Secondary Technical	191	193	120
Albright Secondary Modern Boys' ...	375	399	480
Albright Secondary Modern Girls' ...	404	443	480
Bristnall Hall Secondary Modern Boys'	396	417	520
Bristnall Hall Secondary Modern Girls'	438	456	480
Perryfields Secondary Mixed	532	558	480
St. Michael's C. of E. Secondary Modern	249	268	320
Bleakhouse Primary Junior Mixed ...	249	229	320
Brandhall Primary Infant and Junior	467	441	350
Castle Road Primary Infant & Junior	340	335	390
Causeway Green Junior Mixed	325	328	320
Causeway Green Infants'	206	189	240
Church of England Primary Infants'	70	62	120
Good Shepherd C. of E. Primary Junior Mixed	249	224	240
Moat Farm Primary Boys'	211	213	320
Moat Farm Primary Girls'	184	181	320
Moat Farm Primary Infants'	227	202	320
Perryfields Junior	306	288	320
Rood End Primary Junior Mixed ...	344	332	385
Rood End Primary Infants'	193	166	280
Rounds Green Primary Junior Mixed	265	262	480
Rounds Green Primary Infants' ...	128	118	270
St. Francis Xavier's R.C. Infant and Junior	148	152	200
St. Hubert's R.C. Infant and Junior...	346	341	240
Titford Road Primary Boys'	161	150	280
Titford Road Primary Girls'	147	124	280
Titford Road Primary Infants' ...	162	145	320
Warley Primary Infants'	139	113	270
Totals	8,026	7,908	9,675

SCHOOL CLINICS.

CLINIC	OLDBURY Tabernacle School	LANGLEY " The Hollies," Joinings Bank	WARLEY Bleakhouse Rd.
Minor Ailment Clinic	Mon.—Fri. 9-0—9-30 a.m.	Mon.—Fri. 9-0—9-30 a.m.	Mon.—Fri. 9-0—9-30 a.m.
Ultra Violet Light*	Mon. 10-0 a.m.	Tues. 2-0 p.m.	Wed. 10-0 a.m.
Speech Therapy *	—	Mon. 10-0—12-0 noon 1-30—4-30 p.m.	Mon. 10-0—12-0 noon 1-30—4-30 p.m.
Ophthalmic *	—	—	Fri. 10-0—12-0 noon Alternate Wed. 1-30 p.m.
Orthoptic *	—	—	Fri. 9-0—12-30 p.m. 1-30—5-0 p.m.
Dental	Mon. 9-0—12-0 noon 1-30—4-30 p.m. Thurs., Fri. 9-0—12-0 noon	—	Mon., Tues., Wed. and Fri. 9-0—12-0 noon 1-30—4-30 p.m.
Child Guidance *	—	—	Mon. 10-0—4-0 p.m.

* Clinics—By appointment only.

PERIODIC MEDICAL INSPECTION.

The number of children examined was as follows:—

					1959	1960
Age —	5 years	...	...	...	650	638
"	6 "	...	...	...	67	59
"	7 "	...	...	...	30	30
"	8 "	...	...	...	14	19
"	9 "	...	...	...	21	31
"	10 "	...	...	...	821	750
"	11 "	...	...	...	51	21
"	12 "	...	...	...	48	26
"	13 "	...	...	...	104	110
"	14 "	...	...	...	656	681
"	15 and over	...	...	...	160	149
Total				...	2,622	2,514

In addition 1,107 defects from previous inspections were re-examined and 44 were referred for treatment.

2,692 re-inspections were carried out as follows:—

	No. of Children Re-Inspected
Re-inspection of Defects	1107
Attendances at Investigation Clinics	43
Edgmond Hall Camp School (F.F.I. examinations)	627
Malvern Open-Air School	37
Weston-super-Mare Rotary Boys' House	48
Employment of Children	103
Mental Tests and Examinations	49
Re-inspections at Ophthalmic Clinics	499
Re-inspections at Sunlight Clinics	38
Re-inspections at Minor Ailment Clinics	141
Total	<u>2,692</u>

Of the 405 Pre-School children examined the following defects were referred for treatment:—

Skin defects	—
Eye defects	5
Ear defects	—
Nose and Throat	4
Speech	—
Lymphatic glands	—
Heart and circulation	—
Lungs	—
Developmental	—
Orthopædic	6
Nervous system	—
Psychological	—
Other defects	—

NUTRITION.

Table A on Page 18 of this report gives a classification of the physical condition of children inspected at Periodic Medical Inspections during the year.

Through the courtesy of the Education Officer I am informed that a total of 635,304 meals were served in school to children dur-

ing the year and of this number 41,541 meals were served free of charge. At the end of the year 44.4 per cent. of all children attending the schools in the Borough were taking their mid-day meal in school.

Similarly I understand 1,255,309 bottles of milk were supplied. All children now receive their school milk free of charge and this milk provides an additional amount of first-class protein to the child's diet.

MINOR AILMENTS AND DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The total number of examinations at the Minor Ailment Clinics by the doctor during the year was 413.

The numbers of children treated for minor ailments at the three clinics are as follows:—

Clinic			No. of Children	No. of Attendances for treatment	
Warley	...	...	199	...	746
Langley	...	...	60	...	283
Oldbury	...	...	69	...	312
Totals			328	...	1,341

Defects Treated			Oldbury	Langley	Warley	Total
Ringworm	...	...	2	—	—	2
Impetigo	...	...	1	1	7	9
Scabies	...	...	—	—	—	—
Other Skin Diseases	...	...	30	31	84	145
Blepharitis	...	...	1	—	2	3
Conjunctivitis	...	...	3	1	2	6
Other Eye Conditions...	...	...	6	13	17	36
Otorrhœa	...	...	—	—	—	—
Other Ear Defects	...	...	2	2	6	10
Minor Injuries, Sores, etc.	...	...	14	7	69	90
Miscellaneous	...	...	10	5	12	27
Totals			69	60	199	328

TREATMENT OF DEFECTIVE VISION AND SQUINT

During the year 54 sessions were held and 643 attendances were made. A summary of the defects found by the Ophthalmic Surgeon in the 144 new cases is set out overleaf:—

Defects found in new cases:—**Errors of Refraction—**

Simple Hypermetropia	...	...	...	7
Hypermetropic Astigmatism—				
Simple	...	...	...	10
Compound	...	...	...	11
Simple Myopia	...	...	...	31
Myopic Astigmatism—				
Simple	...	...	...	3
Compound	...	...	...	6
Mixed Astigmatism	...	...	...	4
Amblyopia	...	...	...	1
Anisometropia	...	...	...	24

Squint—

Convergent	...	...	...	13
Divergent	...	...	...	4

Inflammatory conditions, etc.—

Tarsal Cyst	1
Corneal Scarring	1

Nothing abnormal discovered	27
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EAR, NOSE AND THROAT DEFECTS.

During the year 119 children were admitted to hospital for the removal of Tonsils and Adenoids.

Children found at periodic medical inspection during the year to have had tonsillectomy:—

Age Group (year of Birth)	Boys.			Girls.		
	Examined	Tonsil- lectomy	Per cent	Examined	Tonsil- lectomy	Per cent
1955	324	7	2.1	314	10	3.2
1954	23	—	—	36	—	—
1953	18	1	5.5	12	—	—
1952	13	—	—	6	—	—
1951	19	1	5.2	12	—	—
1950	377	73	19.2	373	56	15.0
1949	7	—	—	14	2	14.3
1948	9	—	—	17	2	11.8
1947	59	10	16.9	51	6	11.7
1946	328	66	20.1	353	73	20.7
1945 and earlier	78	28	35.7	71	21	29.5
Totals	1255	186	14.8	1259	170	13.5

ORTHOPÆDIC AND POSTURAL DEFECTS.

During the year 42 children were treated at the Smethwick Orthopædic Clinic.

			Girls	Boys
Arachnodactyly	...	...	1	—
Cavus feet	...	...	2	1
Deformed toes	...	...	1	—
Flat feet	...	...	7	6
Hallux valgus	...	...	2	—
Heel bunions	...	...	—	1
Intoeing	...	...	—	1
Knock knees	...	...	1	—
Kypho-scoliosis	...	...	1	1
Metatarsus varus	...	...	3	1
Muscular dystrophy	...	...	1	—
Osteochondritis	...	...	—	1
Perthes disease	...	...	—	2
Poliomyelitis	...	...	1	3
Poor posture	...	...	1	1
Sprained ankle	...	...	—	1
Torticollis	...	...	—	2
			21	21
Total	...		42	

INVESTIGATION CLINIC.

Arrangements are made for special cases to attend by appointment at the Clinic, so that the Medical Officer will have a better opportunity of investigating the case than he has at any other session during the week.

During the year 12 sessions were held. 41 children made 43 attendances.

SUN-RAY CLINICS.

Sun-Ray lamps are installed at each of the three Clinics, and 53 children made 439 attendances at 48 sessions.

UNCLEANLINESS.

On an average three visits were made to each school during the year.

The total number of examinations of children was 24,453 (12,513 boys and 11,940 girls), and 655 (139 boys and 516 girls) were found to have nits in the hair and 13 (1 boy and 12 girls) were found to have numerous nits or vermin.

HOME VISITING BY SCHOOL NURSES.

The School Nurses paid 400 visits to children's homes during the year. The visits were for the purpose of following up defects found at medical inspections, uncleanness and infectious disease.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

It was reported to the appropriate Sub-Committee during the year that 51 children attending the Oldbury Schools had to appear before the Courts as Juvenile Offenders. 4 of these children had been ascertained as Educationally Sub-normal.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Notifications of Infectious Diseases received during the year for children between the age of 5 and 15 years, together with the Comparison Figures for last year are given below:—

				Cases		Hospital	
				1959	1960	1959	1960
Whooping Cough	...	...	...	51	15	—	—
Measles	...	...	...	625	8	2	—
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	31	18	—	—
Food Poisoning	...	...	...	2	1	—	—
Acute Encephalitis (Infective)	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
Dysentery	...	...	...	44	21	2	—
Pneumonia	...	...	...	8	—	1	—
Acute Poliomyelitis—Paralytic	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
„ Non-Paralytic	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis—Respiratory	...	...	...	1	1	—	1
„ Meninges and Central	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
„ Nervous System	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
„ Other Forms	...	...	...	—	—	—	—

MEASLES.

Eight cases of Measles in school children were notified during the year. This reflects the well-known epidemiological pattern of this disease which tends to reach a peak of incidence every two years.

WHOOPING COUGH.

There was a decrease from 51 to 15 in the number of cases occurring in school children.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

The number of school children immunised during the year was 81 and 341 school children received reinforcing injections. At the 31st December, 1960, 57.55 per cent. of the children on the registers had had their last injections, either primary or reinforcing, during the last five years, that is, since 1st January, 1956.

POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION.

At the end of the year 7,034 children between 5 and 15 years had received their second injection and 6,758 of these had received the third injection. These figures represent 91.3 per cent. and 87.7 per cent. respectively of the 5 to 15 years population at the 31st December, 1960.

TUBERCULOSIS.

There were 41 cases of tuberculosis among children of school age at the end of the year as compared with 46 cases at the end of 1959. Of these 41 cases 34 were respiratory and 7 non-respiratory. The only case notified during the year was respiratory.

A summary of B.C.G. inoculations carried out during the year is set out below:—

Invitations issued	...	...	...	789
Acceptances	...	...	...	677 (85.8%)
Number tested	...	...	...	677
Tests read	...	...	...	677
Tests positive	...	...	...	62 (9.16%)
Tests negative	...	...	...	615 (90.84%)
Inoculations	...	...	...	615

EXCLUSION OF CHILDREN.

The Total number of exclusions issued by the School Medical Department was 52.

31 children were excluded as a result of having infectious disease, and 20 for verminous heads.

CAMP SCHOOL.

Full use continues to be made of the arrangements for senior children to attend for fortnightly periods at Edgmond Hall Camp School. The total number of children examined for admission to the school during the year was 627.

OPEN-AIR SCHOOL.

In 1960 the County Education Committee was able to place at the disposal of Oldbury school children 30 places at the Open-Air School, Malvern. A total of 28 children were sent, 18 were girls and 10 boys. The waiting list for places in the Open-Air School justifies additional accommodation being made available.

ROTARY BOYS' HOUSE, WESTON-SUPER-MARE.

By courtesy of the Rotary Club of Oldbury it has been possible to obtain accommodation in the Rotary Boys' House at Weston-super-Mare for selected candidates to spend two weeks each by the seaside. 48 pupils went to the House during the year.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

During the year 20 entrants (Form 4 R.T.C.) to Teachers' Training Colleges and 15 entrants (Form 28 R.Q.) to the Teaching Profession, were medically examined.

HANDICAPPED CHILDREN.

The following table shows the number of children, in the various categories, ascertained by the Department, and for whom education in the appropriate Special School has been recommended.

Categories			In Special School	Awaiting admission to Special School	Total
1.	Blind	...	3	—	3
2.	Partially sighted	...	4	—	4
3.	Deaf	...	3	—	3
4.	Partially deaf	...	4	1	5
5.	Delicate	...	4	—	4
6.	Physically handicapped	...	9	1	10
7.	Educationally sub-normal		63	28	91
8.	Maladjusted	...	2	1	3
9.	Epileptics	...	1	1	2
Total			93	32	125

EDUCATIONALLY SUB-NORMAL CHILDREN.

49 Intelligence Tests were carried out during the year and the following recommendations were made:—

Report to the Local Health Authority under Section 57(3) of the Education Act, 1944	...	...	...	5
Report to the Local Health Authority under Section 57(5) of the Education Act, 1944	...	...	...	1
Educate at Special Day/Boarding School for Educationally Sub-Normal Pupils	...	...	...	22
Educate at Ordinary schools with special educational treatment	...	...	...	1
Educate at ordinary school in special classes	...	...	...	—
Educate at ordinary schools (children educationally sub-normal)	...	...	...	8
Educate at ordinary schools (children not educationally sub-normal)	...	...	...	12

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION.

During the year the following work was carried out in connection with the sanitary accommodation in the Oldbury Schools:

1. Work completed—

(a) **Bristnall Hall Secondary Modern Girls' School:**

Improvements to sanitary accommodation.

(b) **St. Michael's C. of E. Controlled Secondary Modern School:**

Minimum necessary improvements to washing facilities.

2. Work in progress—

Nil.

REPORT ON SPEECH THERAPY CLINIC AT OLDBURY

Attending 31.12.60	...	...	35
Discharged after satisfactory progress			19
Discharged after some progress	...		4
Left school or area	...	...	5
Ceased attending	...	...	8
Total			71
Waiting list	...	...	73
Total number of treatments ...			746

Speech Clinics at Langley and Warley have continued throughout the year. Despite an increase in the Service provided the demand for Speech Therapy still cannot be met adequately and there is a continuous battle against the ever longer waiting list.

On looking back through the past year it is very heartening to see that there has been a perceptible growing of interest on the part of parents in their children's speech. Their co-operation in seeing that the younger children attend the clinic and carry out their home practice is, of course, vital if there is to be any progress. Very often now, children come for treatment because advice has been sought by the mother in the first place. At one time it was very much more frequently at the instigation of the schools or the School Health Service. Furthermore, with few exceptions, real efforts are made to attend the clinic regularly. This is not always an easy matter in large families where there may be illness or other domestic crises. Not infrequently, fathers who are on nightwork, forgo some of their sleeping time to bring children to the clinic. These parents show interest in any progress, make helpful observations relating to their children's speech and are assiduous in carrying out any practice given.

In such cases though speech may be severely handicapped, treatment of long duration and progress slow, it is always a pleasure to give speech therapy and the children thrive in this atmosphere of encouragement and hope.

MARGARET EDWARDS, L.C.S.T.,

Senior Speech Therapist.

PART I.

**MEDICAL INSPECTION OF PUPILS ATTENDING
MAINTAINED AND ASSISTED PRIMARY AND
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.**

Number of Pupils on Registers in January, 1961—7,908.

Table A.—PERIODIC MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

Age Groups Inspected (Year of Birth) (1)	No. of Pupils inspected (2)	Physical Condition of Pupils Inspected			
		Satisfactory		Unsatisfactory	
		No. (3)	% of col. 2 (4)	No. (5)	% of col. 2 (6)
1955	638	638	100.00	—	—
1954	59	59	100.00	—	—
1953	30	30	100.00	—	—
1952	19	19	100.00	—	—
1951	31	30	96.78	1	3.22
1950	750	749	99.87	1	0.13
1949	21	21	100.00	—	—
1948	26	26	100.00	—	—
1947	110	110	100.00	—	—
1946	681	680	99.85	1	0.15
1945 and earlier ..	149	149	100.00	—	—
Totals	2514	2511	99.88	3	0.12

Table B—PUPILS FOUND TO REQUIRE TREATMENT.

Age Group (Year of Birth) (1)	For defective vision (excluding squint) (2)	For any of the other conditions recorded in Part II (3)	Total individual pupils (4)
1955	14	61	74
1954	—	9	9
1953	2	4	6
1952	2	3	5
1951	2	3	5
1950	70	80	146
1949	4	1	5
1948	4	2	6
1947	24	6	29
1946	94	49	137
1945 and earlier	28	19	45
Totals	244	237	467

Table C—OTHER INSPECTIONS.

Number of special inspections	...	...	...	758
Number of re-inspections	...	...	...	2,692
				—
		Total	...	3,450
				—

Table D—INFESTATION WITH VERMIN.

1.	Total number of individual examinations of pupils in the schools by the School Nurses or other authorised persons	...	...	...	...	24,453
2.	Number of individual pupils found infested	...				403
3.	Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing notices were issued (Section 54(2) Education Act, 1944)	...	...	...	...	29
4.	Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing orders were issued (Section 54(3) Education Act, 1944)	...	...	...	...	6

PART II.**DEFECTS FOUND BY MEDICAL INSPECTION.**

Defect Code No.	Defect or Disease	TABLE A								TABLE B	
		PERIODIC INSPECTIONS								Special Inspections	
		Entrants		Leavers		Others		Total			
		T	O	T	O	T	O	T	O	T	O
4	Skin	5	10	12	7	25	22	42	39	89	2
5	Eyes—a. Vision	14	30	94	14	136	56	244	100	208	126
	b. Squint	19	2	15	1	21	1	55	4	68	44
	c. Other	—	7	—	1	9	5	9	13	21	8
6	Ears—a. Hearing	2	1	2	7	—	9	4	17	2	1
	b. Otitis										
	Media	—	10	4	9	1	13	5	32	2	—
	c. Other	—	3	2	4	2	4	4	11	4	2
7	Nose or Throat	12	101	7	32	15	82	34	215	9	10
8	Speech ..	7	16	1	—	9	5	17	21	2	1
9	Lymphatic										
	Glands ..	—	29	—	—	—	19	—	48	—	—
10	Heart.. ..	1	9	2	4	1	14	4	27	—	2
11	Lungs ..	—	36	—	10	3	32	3	78	1	4
12	Developmental—										
	a. Hernia	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—
	b. Other	—	13	—	6	3	9	3	28	—	2
13	Orthopaedic—										
	a. Posture	—	—	—	5	1	8	1	13	—	—
	b. Feet	10	8	3	13	8	15	21	36	—	2
	c. Other	3	13	1	9	16	32	20	54	12	5
14	Nervous System—										
	a. Epilepsy	1	2	1	1	2	1	4	4	—	—
	b. Other	—	2	—	—	4	3	4	5	1	2
15	Psychological—										
	a. Develop- opment	—	1	—	—	1	4	1	5	—	1
	b. Stability	1	8	—	1	10	7	11	16	3	—
16	Abdomen ..	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	—
17	Other Defects	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	1	54	5

PART III.

**TREATMENT OF PUPILS ATTENDING MAINTAINED
AND ASSISTED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS
(including Special Schools)**

Table A.—Eye Disease, Defective Vision and Squint No. of cases known to have been dealt with:

External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint	...	...	...	...	50
Errors of Refraction (including squint)	...	...	...	...	126
Total					176
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribed	...	...	...	...	356

Table B.—Diseases and Defects of Ear, Nose and Throat

Received operative treatment					
(a) for diseases of the ear	...	...	...	...	5
(b) for adenoids and chronic tonsillitis	...	...	...	...	119
(c) for other nose and throat conditions	...	...	...	...	7
Received other forms of treatment	...	...	...	...	15
Total					146
Total number of pupils in schools who are known to have been provided with hearing aids					
(a) in 1959	...	...	...	...	—
(b) in previous years	...	...	...	...	4

Table C.—Orthopædic and Postural Defects

(a) Pupils treated in clinics or out-patient depts.	42
(b) Pupils treated at school for Postural Defects	2
Total	44

Table D.—Diseases of the Skin

Ringworm—(a) Scalp	...	...	...	...	—
(b) Body	...	...	...	...	2
Scabies	...	...	...	...	—
Impetigo	...	...	...	...	9
Other skin diseases	...	...	...	...	148
Total	...	...	...	...	159

Table E.—Child Guidance TreatmentNo. of cases
known to have
been dealt with:

Pupils treated at Child Guidance Clinics	...	26
--	-----	----

Table F.—Speech Therapy

Pupils treated by Speech Therapists	...	71
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Table G.—Other Treatment Given

(a) Pupils with minor ailments	...	35
(b) Pupils who received convalescent treatment under School Health Service arrangements		7
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. vaccination	...	615
(d) Other than (a), (b), and (c) above (specify)		
1. Minor injuries	...	110
2. Sunlight	...	53
3. Appendicitis	...	12
4. Rheumatism	...	4
Totals (a)—(d)		836

PART IV.**DENTAL INSPECTION AND TREATMENT.**

(1) Number of pupils inspected by the Authority's Dental Officers—		
(a) At Periodic Inspections	...	2,194
(b) Specials	...	638
Total		2,832
(2) Number found to require treatment	...	2,172
(3) Number offered treatment	...	1,750
(4) Number actually treated	...	1,533
(5) Attendances made by children for treatment (including 11 (h) overleaf)	...	3,747
(6) Half-days devoted to—		
Periodic (School) Inspection	...	13
Treatment	...	434
Total		447

(7) Fillings—					
	Permanent Teeth	...	...	2,812	
	Temporary Teeth	...	...	114	
			Total	...	<u>2,926</u>
(8) Number of Teeth Filled—					
	Permanent Teeth	...	...	2,358	
	Temporary Teeth	...	...	105	
			Total	...	<u>2,463</u>
(9) Extractions—					
	Permanent Teeth	...	...	445	
	Temporary Teeth	...	...	1,267	
			Total	...	<u>1,712</u>
(10) Administration of general anæsthetics for extraction					
	...	...	...	...	472
(11) Orthodontics—					
(a)	Cases commenced during the year	...			25
(b)	Cases carried forward from previous year...				48
(c)	Cases completed during the year	...	...		19
(d)	Cases discontinued during the year	...			11
(e)	Pupils treated with appliances	...	...		59
(f)	Removable appliances fitted	...	...		42
(g)	Fixed appliances fitted	...	...		—
(h)	Total attendances (included in (5) on previous page)	...	...	...	498
(12) Number of pupils supplied with artificial teeth					
					10
(13) Other operations—					
	Permanent Teeth	...	...	557	
	Temporary Teeth	...	...	42	
			Total (13)	...	<u>599</u>



